

Bradford Bulldogs Trainers Resources





Memorandum

Date: 12/21/2012

To: HDCO Member Associations: Executive Directors and Development

Personnel

Cc: W. Dillon, HDCO Trainers Committee and Board of Directors

From: John Mayne, HDCO/HTCP Chair

RE: Return to Play Process Change

Please be advised that Hockey Canada, in consultation with the Hockey Canada Chief Medical Officer, and the HDCO Hockey Trainers Certification Program committee, has approved the following amendment to the recommended Return to Play process as taught within the Hockey Canada Safety Program and Hockey Trainers Certification Program:

With respect to players returning to play, muscular and skeletal injuries (excluding fractures) can be signed off by physicians, chiropractors, physiotherapists, or nurse practitioners. Fractures as well as all neurological injuries including spinal injuries and concussions must be signed off by a physician. (Note this does not pertain to the Hockey Canada Injury report Form related to the insurance program. This will still need to be completed by a physician or a dentist if a dental injury).

The change is effective immediately and has been incorporated into the applicable HTCP e-Learning course module. For in-class clinics, course instructors can include as teaching point within the HTCP program.

Please ensure that all respective personnel are apprised of the above information.

If you have any questions, please contact the HDCO office at your earliest convenience.

12/21/2012

Trainer Checklist

Pre season

- Player medical forms completed and returned
 Best practice: A copy of each players sheet should be individually saved in a labelled evelope, in a plastic bag, in the trainers kit.
- First aid kit stocked correctly
- Trainer certification current/updated
- o Emergency Action Plan updated and reviewed
- Player concussion baseline tests (optional per team/individual)
- Pre Season trainer meeting

In Season

- First aid kit stock review
- Online injury registration(s) complete (if/as needed)
- Hockey Canada Injury Form complete (if/as needed)
- o End of season trainer summit

Highly recommended

- First aid course (CPR + AED)
- o Trainer L2 registration with Hockey Canada





The following is a recommended list of items that you should include in your first aid kit. Whenever you use an item you should replace it immediately to ensure that your kit remains fully stocked

1	Sturdy kit box	Durable waterproof
1	Pre Wrap	Cover/protect skin when taping an injury
2	1 ½" Athletic Tape	Protects exposed injuries and provides support for injured joints
2-4	Tensor Bandages (2"-6")	Use for injury support and compression over soft tissue injuries
2	40" cotton triangular bandages	Use for injury support (slings) or to apply pressure
1 bag	Sterile cotton tipped applicators	Use to clean wounds
1 box	Finger tip dressings	Cover cuts to finger tips
1box	Knuckle dressings	Cover cuts in unusual areas (knuckles, webbing, etc)
2 boxes	Elastic stretch strips	To cover all minor skin wounds (use over non adherent dressings)
10	Sterile pads	Used to cover cuts and abrasions.
10	4x4" gauze	To control bleeding and cover wounds
1 roll	4" stretch gauze	Cover and compress wounds
1 container	Petroleum jelly	Use to reduce friction in the case of blisters
4-8	Ziploc bags	Hold ice, contaminated or bloody materials (gloves etc)
10 pair	Barrier protection gloves	Medical, non latex gloves to be worn at all times when attending to an injured player
1	Hand sanitizer or wipes	Alcohol based. Ensure clean hands when dealing with injuries when immediate access to hand washing is not available.
1	Pocket mask	Use when there is mouth to mouth contact for CPR
1	Notepad/Pencil	Use to take notes, reminder, and to record injuries

Additionally, consider these equipment items

Pro-wrap
Hockey Tape – clear, black, white
Skate Laces
Extra Neck Guard
Skate sharpening hand tool
Helmet repair parts
Extra scissors (for stick taping)

Local Emergency Medical Resources

Aurora	Orillia Soldiers' Memorial Hospital 170 Colborne St W, Orillia, ON L3V 2Z3 (705) 325-2201	King City	Stevenson Memorial Hospital 200 Fletcher Crescent, Alliston, ON L9R 1W7 (705) 435-6281
Barrie	Royal Victoria Regional Health Centre 201 Georgian Dr, Barrie, ON L4M 6M2 705-728-9090	Nobelton	Stevenson Memorial Hospital 200 Fletcher Crescent, Alliston, ON L9R 1W7 (705) 435-6281
Bradford	Southlake Regional Health Centre 596 Davis Dr, Newmarket, ON L3Y 2P9 (905) 895-4521	Orillia	Orillia Soldiers' Memorial Hospital 170 Colborne St W, Orillia, ON L3V 2Z3 (705) 325-2201
East Gwillimbury	Southlake Regional Health Centre 596 Davis Dr, Newmarket, ON L3Y 2P9 (905) 895-4521	Richmond Hill	Mackenzie Richmond Hill Hospital 10 Trench St, Richmond Hill, ON L4C 4Z3 (905) 883-1212
Georgina	Southlake Regional Health Centre 596 Davis Dr, Newmarket, ON L3Y 2P9 (905) 895-4521	Schomberg	Stevenson Memorial Hospital 200 Fletcher Crescent, Alliston, ON L9R 1W7 (705) 435-6281
Innisfil	Royal Victoria Regional Health Centre 201 Georgian Dr, Barrie, ON L4M 6M2 705-728-9090	Stouffville	Markham Stouffville Hospital 381 Church St, Markham, ON L3P 7P3 (905) 472-7000
Markham	Markham Stouffville Hospital 381 Church St, Markham, ON L3P 7P3 (905) 472-7000	Thornton/ Alliston	Stevenson Memorial Hospital 200 Fletcher Crescent, Alliston, ON L9R 1W7 (705) 435-6281
Newmarket	Southlake Regional Health Centre 596 Davis Dr, Newmarket, ON L3Y 2P9 (905) 895-4521	Unionville	Markham Stouffville Hospital 381 Church St, Markham, ON L3P 7P3 (905) 472-7000

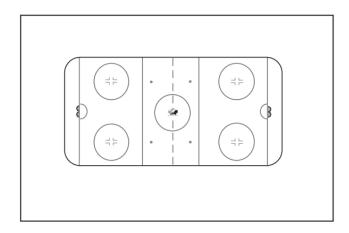
Provided as information only, BWGMHA and its volunteers do not endorse nor have any affiliation with any health services





SAFETY REQUIRES TEAMWORK

AN EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN FOR HOCKEY



Legend

- O Phone
- **□** Exits
- + First Aid
- **Ø** AED

Arena/Facility name: _

EQUIPMENT LOCATIONS

Please locate and identify areas on above map: i.e., first aid room, routes for ambulance crew, telephones, emergency exits, etc.

Address:					
Telephone number:					
Emergency T	elephone Numbers				
Emergency					
Ambulance					
Fire Dept					
Hospital					
Police					
General					
Other					

I. Charge Person

- Most qualified person available with training in first aid and emergency response
- Familiarize yourself with arena emergency equipment
- Take control of an emergency situation until medical personel arrive
- · Assess injury status of player

2. Call Person

- · Location of emergency telephone
- List of emergency telephone numbers
- Directions to arena
- Best route in and out of arena for ambulance crew
- Communicate with Charge Person and Control Person

3. Control Person

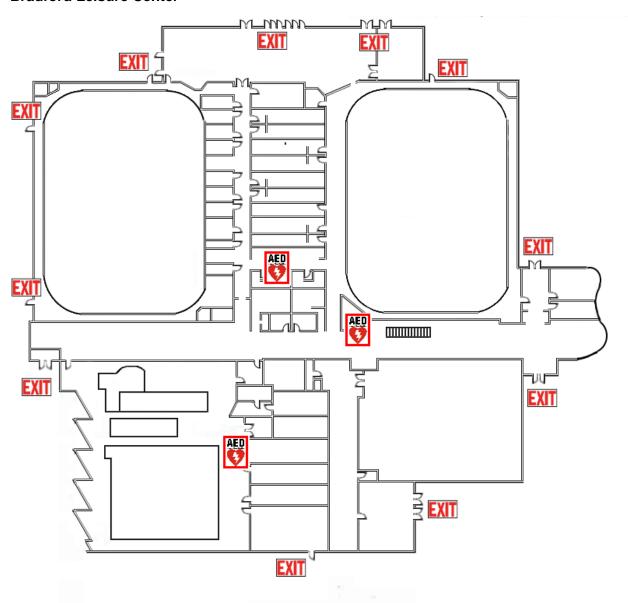
- Ensure proper room for Charge Person and ambulance crew
- · Discuss emergency action plan with:
 - Arena staff
 - Officials
 - Opponents
- Ensure that the route for the ambulance crew is clear and available
- Seek highly trained medical personnel (i.e., MD, nurse) to assist injured player if requested by Charge Person
- Discuss player's injury and status with parents.



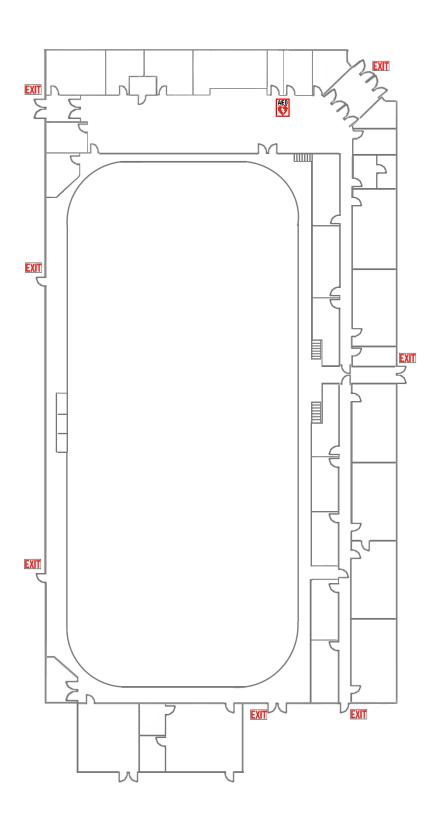
ARENA SAFETY CHECKLIST

Address Facility Manager Date of Inspection By whom Position Breaking and the state of Inspection By whom Position Short of Inspection By whom Position Breaking and the state of Inspection By whom Position Breaking and the state of Inspection Breaking and the s	Name of Facility						
Date of Inspection							
Position	Facility Manager						
FINDINGS: Area Condition Good Acceptable Unacceptable Ice Condition Breakaway nets Boards Lighting Benches Gates Gates Glass enclosures Air quality Penalty boxes Officials' box Evacuation procedure Emergency exits First Aid Room First Aid Equipment Telephone Heating system Dressing rooms (Washroom toilet stalls, sinks and shower area) Other danger areas AED in Arena Yes Notes/Comments					nom		
Lee Condition	FINDINGS:					Notes/Comr	ment <u>s</u>
Lee Condition		Good	Acceptab	le Unacceptable			
Boards	Ice Condition						
Boards	Breakaway nets						
Benches	•						
Benches	Lighting						
Gates							
Air quality	Gates						
Penalty boxes	Glass enclosures						
Officials' box	Air quality						
Evacuation procedure	Penalty boxes						
Emergency exits	Officials' box						
First Aid Room	Evacuation procedure						
First Aid Equipment	Emergency exits						
Telephone	First Aid Room						
Heating system	First Aid Equipment					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Dressing rooms	Telephone						
(Washroom toilet stalls, sinks and shower area) Other danger areas	Heating system						
Other danger areas	Dressing rooms						
AED in Arena	(Washroom toilet stal	lls, sinks	and showe	er area)			
Report filed with Date (e.g., Branch, Rink Manager, etc.) Response requested	Other danger areas						
Report filed with Date (e.g., Branch, Rink Manager, etc.) Response requested							
(e.g., Branch, Rink Manager, etc.) Response requested □ Yes □ No	AED in Arena	☐ Yes	□No	Location			
Response requested ☐ Yes ☐ No	Report filed with				Date	e	
		(e.g	g., Branch, Rink	Manager, etc.)			
Action Taken	Response requested	☐ Yes	□No				
	Action Taken						

Bradford Leisure Center



Bob Fallis



To download a clean version of the SCAT tools please visit the journal online (http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/bjsports-2017-097508CRT5)

CONCUSSION RECOGNITION TOOL 5°

To help identify concussion in children, adolescents and adults











RECOGNISE & REMOVE

Head impacts can be associated with serious and potentially fatal brain injuries. The Concussion Recognition Tool 5 (CRT5) is to be used for the identification of suspected concussion. It is not designed to diagnose concussion.

STEP 1: RED FLAGS - CALL AN AMBULANCE

If there is concern after an injury including whether ANY of the following signs are observed or complaints are reported then the player should be safely and immediately removed from play/game/activity. If no licensed healthcare professional is available, call an ambulance for urgent medical assessment:

- Neck pain or tenderness
- Weakness or tingling/ burning in arms or legs
- Severe or increasing
- Seizure or convulsion Loss of consciousness
- Deteriorating conscious state

Remember:

- In all cases, the basic principles of first aid (danger, response airway, breathing, circulation) should be followed.
- · Assessment for a spinal cord injury is critical.
- (other than required for airway support) unless trained to so do.
- Do not remove a helmet or any other equipment unless trained to do so safely.

If there are no Red Flags, identification of possible concussion should proceed to the following steps:

STEP 2: OBSERVABLE SIGNS

Visual clues that suggest possible concussion include:

- · Lying motionless on the playing surface
- · Slow to get up after a direct or indirect hit to the head
- · Disorientation or confusion, or an inability to respond appropriately to questions
- · Blank or vacant look
- · Balance, gait difficulties, motor incoordination. stumbling, slow laboured movements
- Facial injury after head trauma

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STEP 3: SYMPTOMS

 Headache Blurred vision

· "Pressure in head" · Sensitivity to light · More Irritable

Sadness

Nervous or

anxious

Neck Pain

 Sensitivity · Balance problems to noise Nausea or vomiting · Fatigue or

 Drowsiness · "Don't feel right" Dizziness

low energy

 Difficulty More emotional concentrating

> Difficulty remembering

 Feeling slowed down

· Feeling like "in a fog"

STEP 4: MEMORY ASSESSMENT

(IN ATHLETES OLDER THAN 12 YEARS)

Failure to answer any of these questions (modified appropriately for each sport) correctly may suggest a concussion:

- · "What venue are we at today?"
- "Which half is it now?" "Who scored last in this game?"
- · "What team did you play last week/game?"
- "Did your team win the last game?"

Athletes with suspected concussion should:

- · Not be left alone initially (at least for the first 1-2 hours).
- · Not drink alcohol.
- · Not use recreational/ prescription drugs.
- · Not be sent home by themselves. They need to be with a responsible adult.
- Not drive a motor vehicle until cleared to do so by a healthcare professional.

The CRT5 may be freely copied in its current form for distribution to individuals, teams, groups and organisations. Any revision and any reproduction in a digital form requires approval by the Concussion in Sport Group. It should not be altered in any way, rebranded or sold for commercial gain.

ANY ATHLETE WITH A SUSPECTED CONCUSSION SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM PRACTICE OR PLAY AND SHOULD NOT RETURN TO ACTIVITY UNTIL ASSESSED MEDICALLY, EVEN IF THE SYMPTOMS RESOLVE

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Hockey Canada Concussion Card

CONCUSSION EDUCATION AND AWARENESS PROGRAM

Concussion in Sport

All players who are suspected of having a concussion must be seen by a physician as soon as possible. A concussion is a brain injury.

A concussion most often occurs without loss of consciousness. However, a concussion may involve loss of consciousness.

How Concussions Happen

Any impact to the head, face or neck or a blow to the body which causes a sudden jolting of the head and results in the brain moving inside the skull may cause a concussion.

Common Symptoms and Signs of a Concussion

Symptoms and signs may have a delayed onset (may be worse later that day or even the next morning), so players should continue to be observed even after the initial symptoms and signs have returned to normal. *A player may show any one or more of these symptoms or signs.

Symptoms Signs

Headache Poor balance or coordination
Dizziness Slow or slurred speech
Feeling dazed Poor concentration
Seeing stars Delayed responses to questions

Sensitivity to light Vacant stare

Ringing in ears Decreased playing ability

Tiredness Unusual emotions, personality change,

Irritability Sleep disturbance

Confusion, disorientation

Nausea, vomiting and inappropriate behaviour

For a complete list of symptoms and signs, visit www.parachutecanada.org

RED FLAGS – If any of the following are observed or complaints reported following an injury, the player should be removed from play safely and immediately and your Emergency Action Plan initiated. Immediate assessment by a physician is required.

- Neck pain or tenderness
 Vomiting
- Severe or increasing headache
 Loss of consciousness
- Deteriorating conscious state
 Increasingly restless, agitated or combative
- Double vision
 Weakness or tingling/burning in arms or legs
- Seizure or convulsion

Concussion – Key Steps

- Recognize and remove the player from the current game or practice.
- Do not leave the player alone, monitor symptoms and signs.
- Do not administer medication.
- •Inform the coach, parent or guardian about the injury.
- •The player should be evaluated by a medical doctor as soon as possible.
- The player must not return to play in that game or practice, and must follow the 6-step return to play strategy and receive medical clearance by a physician.

6-Step Return to Play

The return to play strategy is gradual, and begins after a doctor has given the player clearance to return to activity. If any symptoms/signs return during this process, the player must be reevaluated by a physician. No return to play if any symptoms or signs persist. Remember, symptoms may return later that day or the next, not necessarily when exercising!

IMPORTANT – CONSULT WITH THE TREATING PHYSICIAN ON RETURN TO LEARN PROTOCOLS. PLAYERS SHOULD HAVE THE ABILITY TO RETURN TO SCHOOL FULL TIME PRIOR TO PROCEEDING THROUGH STEPS 5 AND 6 OF THE RETURN TO PLAY STRATEGY.

IMPORTANT – FOLLOWING A CONCUSSION AND PRIOR TO STEP 1 A BRIEF PERIOD OF PHYSICAL AND MENTAL REST IS RECOMMENDED.

- **STEP 1** Light activities of daily living which do not aggravate symptoms or make symptoms worse. Once tolerating step 1 without symptoms and signs, proceed to step 2 as directed by your physician.
- **STEP 2** Light aerobic exercise, such as walking or stationary cycling. Monitor for symptoms and signs. No resistance training or weight lifting.
- **STEP 3** Sport specific activities and training (e.g. skating).
- **STEP 4** Drills without body contact. May add light resistance training and progress to heavier weights.

The time needed to progress from non-contact to contact exercise will vary with the severity of the concussion and the player. **Go to step 5 after medical clearance** (reassessment and written note).

- STEP 5 Begin drills with body contact.
- **STEP 6** Game play. (The earliest a concussed athlete should return to play is one week.)

Note: Players should proceed through the return to play steps only when they do not experience symptoms or signs and the physician has given clearance. Each step should be a minimum of one day (but could last longer depending on the player and the situation). If symptoms or signs return, the player should return to step 2 and be re-evaluated by a physician.

IMPORTANT – Young players will require a more conservative treatment. Return to play guidelines should be guided by the treating physician.

Prevention Tips

Players

- Make sure your helmet fits snugly and that the strap is fastened
- Get a custom fitted mouthguard
- Respect other players
- ·No hits to the head
- No hits from behind
- Strong skill development

Coach/Trainer/Safety Person/Referee

- Eliminate all checks to the head
- · Eliminate all hits from behind
- Recognize symptoms and signs of concussion
- •Inform and educate players about the risks of concussion

HOCKEY CANADA CONCUSSION RESOURCES www.hockeycanada.ca/concussion PARACHUTE CANADA www.parachutecanada.org

Revised June 2018. Item #55711





14.0 REMOVING PLAYERS FROM ACTION / CO-ORDINATING RETURN TO PLAY

Injuries will occur during the course of a season and especially in divisions where body contact is part of the game. Parents, coaches and players will often look to the Hockey Trainer for advice and direction regarding removal from, and return to play.

- Communication with the player, parents, and coaches is vital when a decision needs to be made about removing a player from action or returning to play.
- The Hockey Trainer's duty is to observe the injured player. If the player is unable to participate at
 their usual skill level due to injury or illness such as high fever or influenza, or they complain of
 pain and weakness during the activity, then remove them from play. Direct the player to a proper
 medical authority if necessary.
- Caution should be exercised when such a decision needs to be made. Your primary goal and duty is not to make a decision whether a player can return to play but rather to ensure the safety of the player is the top priority at all times.
- It is recommended that players who are removed from games or practices due to injury or serious illness such as mononucleosis, and do not return to that game or practice, should obtain a note from a physician before they are allowed to return to play. A Hockey Canada Injury Report form and the HTCP Injury Data Collection Program report form should be completed and the injury recorded on the team injury log so that an accurate injury/recovery history is maintained.
- If you are ever in doubt as to the seriousness of a player's injury or illness, exercise common sense and direct the parents to seek medical attention for the player and request that a physician's note be obtained before permitting the player to play or practice.
 Clearly communicate the necessity of medical permission from a physician to the player's parents or guardians and the coaching staff. Once medical permission is requested, you should work with coaches and parents to ensure the player does not return without it.
- After an extended layoff players should practice before they play. The practice situation is a
 controlled setting which allows players to gradually adapt, feel comfortable, and regain confidence
 without risking further injury. The practice situation also permits a player to regain conditioning and
 cardiovascular endurance before returning to play. Remember, players are much more at risk to
 re-injure themselves in the injured area or another area because of a lack of conditioning.
- Players returning from injuries should never be permitted on the ice unless wearing all protective
- Players returning to practice from an injury should wear a different color jersey than the rest of the team to identify them as returning from an injury until full conditioning has returned.
- The step wise return to play guidelines for concussion management can be a beneficial process for guiding any injured athlete back into competition.
- A player should not return to play unless they can demonstrate appropriate skills in a practice situation. Remember, you want full function and return to pre injury fitness and skill level.
- There may be pressure on you to allow the player to return to play. This is not your decision. Safety is the top priority and protecting the player from further injury is essential. Your role as a Hockey Trainer is not to try and get the player back into competition as soon as possible, but to ensure that the player is both ready and safe to return to play. If there are doubts, a physician's advice should be sought.
- When working with older players who are driving, be aware that certain injuries or circumstances
 may impair their ability to drive or the decision making process. Ensure that an injured player does
 not drive home alone.

Proud Branch Of



ONTARIO HOCKEY FEDERATION

400 Sheldon Drive, Unit 9, Cambridge, Ontario N1T 2H9 T: 226 533.9070 F: 519 620.7476 www.ohf.on.ca



To: OHF Members and Registered Minor Hockey Associations/Clubs/Teams

From: Phillip McKee, Ontario Hockey Federation Executive Director Date:

Thursday, June 27, 2019

Regards: Rowan's Law Implementation

The Ontario Hockey Federation has been working with Hockey Canada on the implementation of Rowan's Law since the adoption of the Rowan's Law Concussion Safety on March 7, 2018. The Ontario Hockey Federation is in full support of the intent of Rowan's Law to create awareness of concussion, change the culture on concussion and provide safe sport participation.

The Ontario Hockey Federation was informed by the Ministry of Tourism Culture and Sport on June 18, 2019 that the Rowan's Law Act and Regulations must be implemented by July 1, 2019. Therefore, after July 1, 2019 every Player, Team Official and On-lice Official (parent as well if individual under 18) in order to register/participate must review the OHF Concussion Code of Conduct and the appropriate Concussion Awareness Resources.

Requirements

- All Registrants registering July 1, 2019 or after must have completed the review information and acknowledgement prior to registration/participation.
- All Team Officials currently registered will be required to complete the review of information and acknowledgement prior to August 30, 3019.
- All Registrants registered prior to July 1, 2019 must complete the review of information and acknowledgement prior to participation in the first game.

The Ontario Hockey Federation has met with the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport and continues to exhaust all avenues to delay the implementation. The Ontario Hockey Federation will keep you informed of any progress.

The Ontario Hockey Federation have provided the following method for the Minor Hockey Association/Club/ Team to validate that the Players and Team Officials that Register with the Minor Hockey Association/Club/Team to have acknowledgement of the OHF Concussion Code of Conduct and the Ontario Governments Concussion Awareness Resources.

- Players and Team Officials will be required to review the material in person or on-line and sign the OHF Rowan's Law Acknowledgement Form prior to being eligible to Register/participate.
- It will be the responsibility of the Minor Hockey Association/Club/Team to retain a copy of the Acknowledgement Form, through one of the following methods: Method 1:
- Retain a hard copy of the OHF Rowan's Law Acknowledgement Form for a period of 7 years for each Registered Participant;
 Method 2
- Scan and upload a copy of the OHF Rowan's Law Acknowledgement Form (PDF format naming the form "Rowan's Law
 Acknowledgement Form participant name" to each participant's profile in the HCR under the Documents & Memo
 section.

Audit Process

The OHF will randomly select a minimum of fifteen (15) Minor Hockey Associations/Clubs/Teams within the current season to ensure compliance has been met within the legislation under Rowans Law. The purpose of the audit is to randomly select Minor Hockey Association/Clubs/Teams to ensure compliance and to validate submissions of these forms. The Audit Process in the first year also reduces the amount of work required by all parties.

The Audit process will require the Minor Hockey Associations/Clubs/Teams to produce the OHF Rowan's Law Acknowledgement Forms that have been retained for comparison and review with the players that have are Registered/participating in programming.

Honour System

Outside of the Audit Process for this implementation for the 2019-2020 Season it will be based on an Honour System. Each Minor Hockey Association/Club/Team is verifying that when they submit a Roster for approval that the Minor Hockey Association/Club/Team have receipt of an OHF Rowan's Law Acknowledgement Form for each Registered Participant on the Roster.

On-Ice Officials

All On-Ice Officials will receive the OHF Concussion Code of Conduct and Ontario Government Concussion Awareness Resources as part of the on-line recert or their introduction clinic for the 2019-2020 season and will be managed by the OHF and its Members.

The Ontario Hockey Federation understands this is increased workload and are working on a technical solution for the 2020-2021 season, however, to comply with the Ontario Government Laws within the thirteen (13) days the OHF has been provided there will be considerable work in the short term. The OHF has lodge complaints to the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport and continue to work on your behalf.

If you have concerns with the implementation timelines that were established by the Ontario Government please address those concerns by emailing:

<u>Dan.jacobs@ontario.ca</u>; and copying <u>info@ohf.on.ca</u>

If you have questions about the logistics please contact your Member.

Sincerely,

Phillip McKee
Executive Director

Phillip M. Kel.

Ontario Hockey Federation



hockey activity

□ Bantam

Head

□ Practice

□ Try-outs

☐ Warm-up

☐ Period #1

WEARING

☐ Full Face Mask

☐ Throat Protector

☐ Short Gloves

□ Long Gloves

□ Other

DIVISION

HOCKEY CANADA INJURY REPORT PAGE 1/2



See reverse for mailing Forms must be filled out in full or form will be returned. This form must be completed for each case where an injury is sustained by a player, spectator or any other person at a sanctioned

CLAIMS MUST BE PRESENTED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF THE INJURY DATE. DATE OF INJURY: _ INJURED PARTICIPANT: ☐ Player ☐ Team Official ☐ Game Official ☐ Spectator __ Birthdate: __/__/ __ Sex: □ M □ F Address: _ _____ Province: _____ Postal Code: _____ Phone: (____) __ City / Town: Parent / Guardian: **CATEGORY** ☐ Initiation ☐ Novice ☐ Atom □ Peewee □ AAA □ A □ BB □ CC □ DD □ House ☐ Minor Junior ☐ Adult Rec. □ AA □ B □ C □ D □ E □ Major Junior □ Senior ☐ Midget ☐ Juvenile ☐ Junior □ Other **BODY PART INJURED** NATURE OF CONDITION ☐ Concussion ☐ Laceration ☐ Fracture ☐ Sprain ☐ Strain ☐ Contusion Back Trunk ☐ Abdomen ☐ Face ☐ Skull □ Lower ☐ Dislocation ☐ Separation ☐ Internal Organ Injury ☐ Eye Area ☐ Throat ☐ Dental □ Neck □ Upper ☐ Ribs ☐ Chest Arm: ☐ Left ☐ Collarbone Leg: ☐ Left ☐ Knee Pelvis **ON-SITE CARE** ☐ Right ☐ Elbow ☐ Hin ☐ Right ☐ Toe ☐ On-Site Care Only ☐ Refused Care ☐ Shoulder ☐ Hand/Finger ☐ Shin ☐ Thigh □ Groin ☐ Upper arm ☐ Forearm/Wrist ☐ Sent to Hospital by: ☐ Ambulance ☐ Car ☐ Other ☐ Foot **CAUSE OF INJURY** Was the injured player in the correct league and level for their INJURY CONDITIONS age group' ☐ Hit by Puck ☐ Yes ☐ No Name of arena / location: _ ☐ Collision with Boards Was this a sanctioned Hockey Canada activity? ■ Non-Contact Injury ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Hit by Stick ☐ Exhibition/Regular Season ☐ Period #2 ☐ Collision on Open Ice □ Playoffs/Tournament □ Period #3 ☐ Collision with Opponent □ Overtime: _ LOCATION □ Fall on Ice □ Dry Land Training ☐ Defensive Zone ☐ Offensive Zone ☐ Neutral Zone ☐ Checked from Behind ☐ Gradual Onset ☐ Behind the Net ☐ 3 ft. from Boards ☐ Spectator Area ☐ Collision with Net ☐ Other Sport ☐ Dressing Room ☐ Bench □ Parking Lot ☐ Fight Other: ☐ Other: ☐ Blindsiding I hereby authorize any Health Care Facility, **ADDITIONAL DESCRIBE HOW** Physician, Dentist or other person who has WHEN INJURED **ACCIDENT HAPPENED** INFORMATION attended or examined me/my child, to furnish Has the player sustained this injury before? ☐ Yes ☐ No Hockey Canada any and all information with respect to any illness or injury, medical history, ☐ Intra-Oral Mouth Guard consultation, prescriptions or treatment and copies ☐ Half Face Shield/Visor If "Yes" how long ago of all dental, hospital, and medical records. A photo Was a penalty called as a result of the static/electronic copy of this authorization shall be ☐ Helmet/No Face Shield incident? ☐ Yes ☐ No considered as effective and valid as the original.

TEAM INFORMATION

☐ No Helmet/No Face Shield

(To be completed by a Team Official) Association: Team Name:_ Team Official (Print): Team Official Position:_ Signature: Date:

Estimated absence from hockey? ☐ 1 week ☐ 1-3 weeks ☐ 3+ weeks

HEALTH INSURANCE INFORMATION

THIS MUST BE FILLED OUT IN FULL OR FORM PROCESSING WILL BE DELAYED ☐ Employed Part-time ☐ Full-Time Student

Employer (If minor, list parent's employer):

- 1. Do you have provincial health coverage? ☐ Yes ☐ No Province: _
- 2. Do you have other insurance? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (IF "YES", PLEASE SUBMIT CLAIM TO YOUR PRIMARY HEALTH INSURER.)
- 3. Has a claim been submitted? ☐ Yes ☐ No (IF "YES", PLEASE FORWARD PRIMARY INSURER EXPLANATIONS OF BENEFITS.)

Make Claim Payable To: ☐ Injured Person ☐ Parent ☐ Team ☐ Other:

Branch APPROVAL

Signed: _

Date:

(Parent/Guardian if under 18 years of age)



HOCKEY CANADA INJURY REPORT





PHYSICIAN'S STATE	MENT					
Physician:		Add	dress:		Tel: ()
Name of Hospital / Clinic:				- Address:		
Nature of Injury:				Date of First Claimant	Attendance: will be totally disa	
Give the details of injury (degre					ry permanent and	d irrecoverable? □ No □ Yes
Prognosis for recovery:			7 No. 17 No. (door)	L - V.		
Did any disease or previous inju	ary contribute to the	current injury?	□ NO □ tes (descri	oe):		
Was the claimant hospitalized?	□ No □ Yes (giv	ve hospital name,	address and date ac	Imitted):		
Names and addresses of other	physicians or surgeo	ons, if any, who at	tended claimant:			
I certify that the above informat	tion is correct and to	the best of my k	nowledge,			
Signed:			Date:			
DENTIST STATEMEN Limits of coverage: \$1,250 per toot Treatment must be completed within	th, \$2,500 per acciden		UNIQUE NO. SPEC.	PATIENT'S OFFICIAL	ACCOUNT NO.	
Patient			Dentist			I HEREBY ASSIGN MY BENEFITS PAYABLE FROM THIS CLAIM DIRECTLY TO THE NAMED DENTIST
Last name Given name			AND AUTHORIZE PAYMENT DIRECTLY TO HIM / HER			AND AUTHORIZE PAYMENT
Address						
City / Town P	rovince Postal	Code	PHONE NO			SIGNATURE OF SUBSCRIBER
FOR DENTIST USE ONLY - FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, DIAGNOSIS, PROCEDURES OR SPECIAL CONSIDERATION.			EXCEED MY PLAN BE DENTIST FOR THE EN I ACKNOWLEGDE THA CHARGED TO ME FO I AUTHORIZE RELEAS	ENEFITS. I UNDERST ITIRE TREATMENT. AT THE TOTAL FEE O R THE SERVICES RE SE OF THE INFORMA	F \$IS TAND THAT I AM FI F \$IS ENDERED. ATION CONTAINED	Y NOT BE COVERED BY OR MAY INANCIALLY RESPONSIBLE TO MY ACCURATE AND HAS BEEN IN THIS CLAIM FORM TO MY
DUPLICATE FORM			INSURING COMPANY	//PLAN ADMINISTR	ATOR.	
			SIGNATURE OF (PATI	ENT/GUARDIAN)	OFFICE VERI	FICATION
DATE OF SERVICE DAY / MO. / YR.	PROCEDURE	INITIAL TOOTH CODE	TOOTH SURFACE	DENTIST'S FEE	LAB CHARGE	TOTAL CHARGE
			-			-
THIS IS AN ACCURATE STATEM	ENT OF SERVICES P	ERFORMED AND T	THE TOTAL FEE DUE A	ND PAYABLE & OE.	TOTAL FEE SUBM	MITTED
NOTE: All benefits subject to insure						

Mail completed form to: ONTARIO MINOR HOCKEY ASSOCIATION 25 Brodie Drive, Unit 3 Richmond Hill, ON L4B 3K7





HOCKEY TRAINERS CERTIFICATION PROGRAM RETURN TO PLAY

	Name of Player	
is a	ble to return to play following injuries sustained on	
	Date	
Considerations /restrictions with re	espect to return to play:	
Name of Treating Physician	Signature	
Date:		
This information is strictly coplay. All records will be return	infidential and will only be used to assist in the rned to the player.	player's safe return to
	ed, disclosed, secured or retained will be held solely for ti the National Privacy Principles contained in the Personal	